

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/022,438	12/20/2001	Allison Stoltz	52493.000230	5099	
21967 75	21967 7590 05/18/2006			EXAMINER	
HUNTON & V	WILLIAMS LLP	VAN DOREN, BETH			
INTELLECTU	AL PROPERTY DEPAR	RTMENT			
1900 K STREE	TNW		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 1200 WASHINGTON, DC 20006-1109			3623		
			DATE MAILED: 05/18/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/022,438	STOLTZ, ALLISON				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Beth Van Doren	3623				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 M	arch 2006					
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)							
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi		,, panto Quayio, 1000 0.2. 11, 10	0.0.2.0.				
	isposition of Claims						
-	Claim(s) <u>1-6,9-17,20 and 21</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
_	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	Claim(s) <u>1-6,9-17 and 20</u> is/are rejected.						
_	7) Claim(s) <u>21</u> is/are objected to.						
ا ا(٥	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> </ul>							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 20060331.	5)  Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/022,438 Page 2

Art Unit: 3623

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The following is a final office action in response to communications received 03/15/2006. Claims 7-8 and 18-19 have been canceled. Claims 1, 9, 10, 17, and 20 have been amended. Claim 21 has been added. Claims 1-6, 9-17, and 20-21 are pending in this application.

### Response to Amendment

- 2. Applicant's amendments to the specification are sufficient to overcome the specification objections set forth in the previous office action.
- 3. Applicant's amendments to the drawings are sufficient to overcome the drawing objections set forth in the previous office action.
- 4. Applicant's cancellation of claims 7-8 and 18-19 are sufficient to overcome the 35 USC 112, first paragraph, rejections set forth in the previous office action.

#### Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claim 21 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Art Unit: 3623

7. Claims 1-5, 9-16, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Barton et al. (U.S. 2002/0059093).

As per claim 1, Barton et al. teaches a method for use in compliance management, comprising:

presenting, via a computer network, at least one user with a series of questions relating to at least one business category (See figure 11, paragraphs 0010, 0012-4, 0049, 0051, wherein questions are presented via the network concerning compliance risk);

soliciting, via the computer network, a response from the at least one user for each question presented (See paragraphs 0010, 0012-4, 0049, 0051, 0060, wherein the questions are answered);

determining a detection index based on the number of responses to each of the series of questions (See paragraphs 0081 and 0084, wherein detection is determined);

determining an occurrence index based on the potential consequence of non-compliance (See paragraphs 0007, 0081, and 0084, wherein occurrence index is determined);

determining a standard severity risk index based on the expected severity of non-compliance (See paragraphs 0068, 0072-3, 0075, 0081, 0084, wherein severity indexes are considered); and

prioritizing, via the computer network, the at least one business category based on the at least one user's responses and at least one total risk score comprising the product of the detection, occurrence, and standard severity risk indices (See paragraphs 0081, 0084-7, wherein a risk score is calculated based on these factors. See also paragraphs 0068-9, 0072, 0081, 0090-1, where risk

Art Unit: 3623

prioritization numbers are generated to determine the order to handle the risk areas of the business).

As per claim 2, Barton et al. discloses wherein the user response comprises a "Yes" or "No" (See paragraphs 0060 and 0064, wherein the questions are answered yes/no).

As per claim 3, Barton et al. discloses wherein at the least one standard severity risk index comprises a number between 1 and 10 corresponding to a specific level of risk (See paragraph 0060, 0068, 0072-5, wherein severity is valued 1-10).

As per claim 4, Barton et al. discloses wherein the number "1" comprises the lowest level of risk severity, and the number "10" the highest level of severity (See paragraph 0060, 0068, 0072-5, wherein 1 is low and 10 is high severity).

As per claim 5, Barton et al. teaches wherein the at least one standard severity risk index corresponds to the at least one business category (See paragraph 0040, 0060, 0068, 0072-5, which corresponds to at least one business category. See also figure 11).

As per claim 9, Barton et al. teaches ranking the at least one business category based on the at least one total risk score (See paragraphs 0081, 0084-7, wherein a risk score is calculated. See also paragraphs 0068-9, 0072-5, 0081, 0090-1, where risk is prioritized).

As per claim 10, Barton et al. teaches a system for use in compliance management, comprising:

a query module associated with an engine for presenting at least one user with a series of questions relating to at least one business category, and for soliciting and receiving responses from the at least one user for each question presented (See figure 11, paragraphs 0010, 0012-4,

Art Unit: 3623

0049, 0051, 0060, wherein questions are presented via the network concerning compliance risk and answers are received);;

a prioritization module associated with the engine for: (1) determining a detection index based on the number of responses to each of the series of questions, determining an occurrence index based on the potential consequence of non-compliance, and determining a standard severity risk index based on the expected severity of non-compliances (See paragraphs 0068, 0072-3, 0075, 0081, 0084, wherein a detection, occurrence, and severity index are determined) and (2) prioritizing the at least one business category based on the at least one user's responses and at least one total risk score comprising the product of a detection, occurrence and standard severity risk indices (See paragraphs 0081, 0084-7, wherein a risk score is calculated based on these factors. See also paragraphs 0068-9, 0072, 0081, 0090-1, where risk prioritization numbers are generated to determine the order to handle the risk areas of the business).

As per claim 11, Barton et al. wherein the series of questions are presented to the user over a communications network (See figure 11, paragraphs 0010, 0012-4, 0049, 0051, 0060, wherein questions are presented via the network).

As per claim 12, Barton et al. wherein an administration module associated with the engine for inputting, updating and accessing data associated with the query and prioritization modules, the administration module being accessible to an administrator of the system via an administration interface (See paragraphs 0012-3, 0048-51, 0060, 0064, wherein an administrator and interface is disclosed).

Claims 13-16 and 20 recite equivalent limitations to claims 2-5 and 9, respectively, and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale as applied above.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Page 6

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all 8. obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 6 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barton et al. (U.S. 2002/0059093)

As per claim 6, Barton et al. discloses the step of determining a detection index based on the at least one user's responses, and the number of users (See paragraphs 0065 and 0084, wherein the detection index is determined based on the responses from the at least one user). Barton et al. also generates a score based on the number of questions presented (i.e. "opps") (See paragraphs 0065 and 0084, where the number of questions presented (ie opportunities) are used to determine a score). However, Barton et al. does not expressly disclose using the number of questions presented to determine a detection index.

Barton et al. discloses a detection index being determined which is used to determine a risk Score. Barton et al. also discloses using information concerning the number of questions presented (and response opportunities) to score risk. Using the number of questions presented as a baseline for frequency of response is well known in surveys. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use the number of questions presented (ie opportunities) when calculating the detection index in order to more efficiently determine the potential for failure concerning a business risk by judging the frequency of response. See paragraphs 0065 and 0084.

Art Unit: 3623

Claim 17 recites equivalent limitations to claim 6 and is therefore rejected using the same art and rationale as applied above.

## Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6, 9-17, and 20-21 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection, as necessitated by amendment.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Buddle et al. (U.S. 6,912,502) discloses calculating a risk scores for areas of risk using the data of severity, occurrence, and detention, and ranking the risk areas in a matrix.

Barrett et al. (U.S. 6,029,144) discloses a system that checks for compliance issues.

Beverina et al. (U.S. 2001/0027389) discloses using questionnaires to detect the occurrence of risk.

Davies et al. (U.S. 2003/0033191) discloses using questionnaires for risk assessment and to generate a risk score.

Alberts et al. ("An Introduction to the OCTAVE Method") discloses a computer based method for risk assessment.

Burns et al. (NASA Risk Assessement and Management Roadmap) discloses a technique to assess risk by business area and rank the risks by determining the severity and probability of occurrence.

Art Unit: 3623

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Beth Van Doren whose telephone number is (571) 272-6737. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tariq Hafiz can be reached on (571) 272-6729. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

bvd May 15, 2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600